Standard #6 Educational and Business Process Management

a. Curriculum

- 1. No accredited degree program has been substantially revised since the last report.
- 2. No new degree program has been added since the last report.
- 3. No accredited program has been terminated since the last report.

Note: if you do not have any new or revised programs you do not need to complete Table 6 Curriculum Summary. Complete table 6.1. Provide three or four examples, reporting what you consider to be the most important data. It is not necessary to provide results for every process.

Table 6.1 Standard 6 - Organizational Performance Results

Organizationa Results	al Effectiveness	have a sy student re performal Key indica use of we communit	ystematic report etention, stude nce. ators may include eb-based techno	rting mechanism for ent academic succes de: graduation rates, plogies, use of facilitie	attainment of organizational goals. Each business each business program that charts enrollment pass, and other characteristics reflecting students', enrollment, improvement in safety, hiring equity, in es by community organizations, contributions to the y program, and what you report to governing boards		
			of Results				
Performance Measure	What is your measurement instrument or	Current Results	Analysis of Results	Action Taken or Improvement made	Insert Graphs or Tables of Resulting Tro (3-5 data points preferred)		
Measurable goal What is your goal?	process? (Indicate length of cycle)	What are your current results?	What did you learn from the results?	What did you improve or what is your next step?	(5-5 data points preferred)		
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More than half of registered students should continue working toward their degree.	The college's Institutional Effectiveness (IE) department performs annual survey of registration data.	Accounting and Office Administration retention is highest among the programs and is improving.	Data available for years 2014- 2015 show retention is below the goal of 50%.	College's IE department should continue to collect retention data in future.	Student Retention Rates 50 40 30 20 10 Management Accounting Office Adm. Business Transfer 2014 2015		
Enrollment changes in programs should mirror enrollment changes for the college as a whole.	The college's IE department collects data for declared majors.	Total college enrollment during the reporting period was unchanged. Business Management and Accounting show declines, while Office Administration enjoyed a slight increase. Business transfer enrollment grew by 30%.	It is unclear why enrollment in Business Management and Accounting is declining or why Business Transfer enrollment has increased dramatically.	College's IE department should continue to collect and report data.	Student enrollment by program 500 450 400 350 300 250 200 150 100 50 0 Business Mangement Accounting Office Administration Business Tra		

To improve accessibility to students, online sections should be expanded.	The college's IE department collects data for course sections offered online and in traditional classroom.	All programs have expanded the percentage of online sections offered to students.	Increased accessibility continues to improve.	Continue and expand offering online sections in all programs.	33% 32% 31% 31%		cions as a percer sections es all BUS/BFN/ACT/C	
Awarded degrees should increase overtime.	IE department collects degree awarded data.	Office Administration graduates the largest number of students. Accounting is most stable, while Business Management sees large swings in the number of graduates.	The number of degrees awarded is connected to the number of students enrolled in each program. If enrollment declines, it would follow that degrees awarded would decline as well.	Improving enrollment would likely lead to improved graduates.	140 — 120 — 100 — 80 — 60 — 40 — 20 —	Business Mangement	Accounting 2013 2014 2015	Office Administration